Environmental protection with Swirl droplet separator (DTA)
**Swirl droplet separator (DTA)**

**Droplet separators** play a key role in complying with emission regulations. As components in gas scrubbers (which are used to clean waste gas flows) they therefore help protect the environment.

Waste gas entering swirl droplet separators is cleaned by separating out the droplets. At this **phase-separation stage** the gas flow is rotated and propelled towards the edge of the separator via a **swirl generator**. Three-dimensional vanes prevent inlet losses and turbulent flow occurring. Stable and consistent rotational flow forms in the adjacent helically coiled tube. Due to the centrifugal force, the droplets are thrust to the wall of the tube and collected there.

The **separation chambers** in Körying swirl droplet separators are designed as **helically coiled tubes**. This special design prevents the liquid film that forms on the tube wall from being conveyed to the gas outlet. The drag force of the gas has no impact on the separated droplets’ flow.

The liquid doesn’t flow in the direction the gas rotates in, but downwards. This effect is achieved by the special profiles and layout of the helically coiled tubes that lead downwards towards the direction the gas rotates in. The liquid is collected and removed near the swirl generator.

The design also makes cleaning the inside of the helically coiled tube during operation easier. In complex applications special additional rinsing systems effectively help to prevent deposits on the separator and on the swirl generator’s vanes. This type is frequently required for challenging products where adhesion is a problem. **Rinsing systems** can be used while the machinery is in operation without generating new droplets in the cleaned gas.

The swirl droplet separators are big enough so that large quantities of liquid, such as film forming on the walls and **splashes**, can be drained off too.

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**Diagram Notes:**
- **N1**: Gas inlet
- **N2**: Gas outlet
- **N3**: Discharge
- **N4**: Counter-flow rinse
Materials

• carbon steel, stainless steel
• coated steel (rubber, Halar etc.)
• plastics: GFK, PP, PVC, PVDF reinforced and non-reinforced
• special materials

Sizes

• standard sizes in DN 200 to DN 3000 nominal widths
• further sizes on request

Applications

Körting swirl droplet separators are ideal for use as follows:

• in gas scrubbers and vacuum plants
• to remove condensate in chimneys
• in evaporation plants to ensure the vapour condensate is excellent quality
• to remove complex products (e.g. that tend to polymerise)

Transparent trial separator in operation

- the last visible droplets removed
- droplets collect and form strands
- the film runs down the helically coiled tube
Design example

A volume flow of 1 000 m³/h is analysed. A nominal size of DN 300 is selected.

The flow rate is shown in the diagram at the top. It totals $c = 4$ m/s.

The pressure loss is shown in the diagram in the middle: $\Delta p = 2$ mbar.

The best range to work with is generally between 3 mbar and 5 mbar.

The bottom diagram shows the critical limit drop. This is 10.5 µm in the example selected.

All droplets with a diameter greater than this threshold are removed. However, only a smaller percentage (the degree of fractional efficiency) of smaller droplets are drained off.

Special characteristics

- excellent separation (up to 5 µm)
- little pressure loss
- rinsing during operation
- little maintenance required
- high levels of reliability and availability

Applies to all diagrams: Air: 30 °C & 1 013 mbar
DN 700 to DN 1400

For custom-made designs please request our Körting swirl droplet separator questionnaire!

Applies to all diagrams: Air: 30 °C & 1013 mbar
Design example

Characteristic curves

DN 1 600 to DN 3 000

Volumenstrom / gas flow [m³/h]

Druckverlust / pressure drop [mbar]

Grenztropfen / separated droplet [µm]

Anströmung / velocity [m/s]

Applies to all diagrams: Air: 30 °C & 1 013 mbar